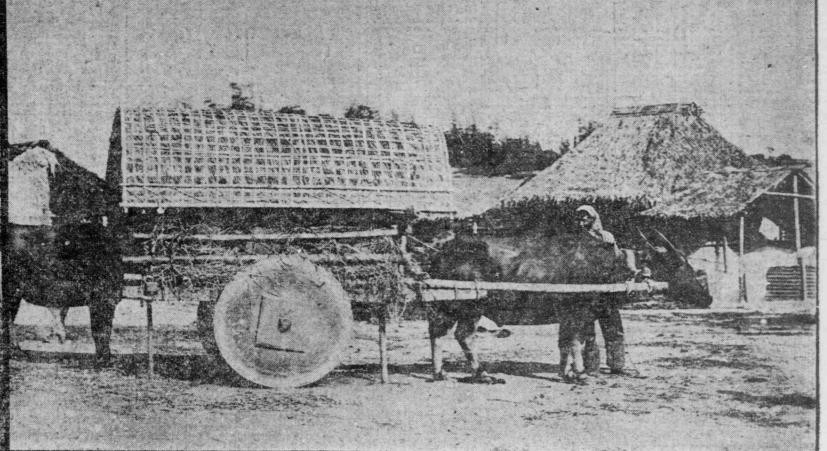
THE SALT LAKE HERALD.

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH, SUNDAY, APRIL 22, 1906

William Jennings Bryan Advocates Philippine Independence.







Filipino Boys With the Blow Gun.

Cariboo Cart Driver at San Fernando, Pampango, P. I.

country, although identical in race and language. And they would resent just as much the attempt of any group of pines, let us consider what the United States should do in regard to the Filipinos and their islands.

First, as to the northern group of islands—the islands north of Minda—ano. Have the Filipinos a right to self-government? Do they desire self-government? Do they desire self-government? Do they desire self-government and independence? Have been and and their states are considered in the Philippines. I am glad to testify that they are as a rule men of as much the attempt of any group of men, however wise, to direct their personnel of Philippine official life is not he more ignorant.

Také the case of the Japanese, for piece and they deal terms in the maintenance of the more ignorant.

Také the case of the Japanese, for piece and so long as the tot themselves, would maintain government and in the Philippines are rule men of as much the attempt of any group of men they delice. The more ignorant.

Take the case of the Japanese, for piece and they desire and they deal terms in the maintenance of the more ignorant.

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Take the case of the Japanese a

in the affirmative, if our theory of to their needs?

to for our own government.

If the control is proper to the start of the salary of the two countries and in the salary of the two countries and in the salary of the salar nos with whom I was on intimate, cordial relations while serving in the have, therefore, from the foregoing, come to the conclusion that the FNipinos may be divided into three (a) The 'precious few,' comprising those who are really friendly towards the Americans and think our government teneficial to the islands; those who are in some way beneficiaries of the government and entertain for us what may be termed 'expedient friendship': (c) the great ma-jority have absolutely no use for us and to please whom we cannot get out of the islands any too soon."

Strong Feeling for Independence.

The conclusion drawn by Captain Moss is warranted by the facts, and the feeling for independence is stronging in all about 1,000, prepared and on sending us Americans to do than fifty printed pages. This was pre- compensation?" wards discussed, adopted and signed by the students. It presented an elab-

to just legislation, and this argument is no reflection upon the good intentions of Americans. In fact, good intention is generally admitted, but Americans at home recognize, as do Fi ipinos here, that good intentions are commission to appropriate that much control where the restrict of the way for a purpose which provided so much control where the restrict of the way for a purpose which provided so much control where the restrict of the way for a purpose which provided so much control where the restrict of the way for a purpose which provided so much control where the restrict of the way for a purpose which provided so much control way in the restrict of the way for a purpose which provided so much control way in the restrict of the way for a purpose which provided so much control way in the restrict of the way for a purpose which provided so much control way in the restrict of the way for a purpose which provided so much control way in the restrict of the way for a purpose which provided so much control way in the restrict of the way for a purpose which provided so much control way in the restrict of the way for a purpose which provided way in the restrict of the way for a purpose which provided way in the restrict of the way for a purpose which provided way in the restrict of the way for a purpose which are the restrict of the way for a purpose which are the restrict of the way for a purpose which are the restrict of the way for a purpose which are the restrict of the way for a purpose which are the restrict of the way for a purpose which are the restrict of the way for a purpose which are the restrict of the way for a purpose which are the restrict of the way for a purpose which are the restrict of the way for a purpose which are the restrict of the way for a purpose which are the restrict of the way for a purpose which are the restrict of the way for a purpose which are the restrict of the way for a purpose which are the restrict of the way for a purpose which are the restrict of the way for a purpose whic not all that is required. We have in the United States men of equal general for the health and comfort of those enintelligence, but differing so in sympathy that no amount of good intent can keep one from doing what the others regards as unjust. Take, for relying upon the opinion of the engineer, and the engineer doubtless meant and could for those engaged in the benevolent work of establishing a stable government. The commission could hardly be blamed for relying upon the opinion of the engineer, and the engineer doubtless meant and couldont of those engaged in the benevolent work of establishing a stable government. and the average laboring man; neither well. But the first appropriation scarce-

Argue for Home Rule.

government and independence? Have the capacity for self-government? ever benevolent and intelligent, hope by a few months' residence to so identify themselves with the Filipinos as

ty of the natives have no use for Ex-interpreters and other Filipi-with whom I was on intimate, cers and three times the salary of sen provinces, told me the same thing. I ators and members of congress. It is true that these salaries do not appear as salaries paid for work on the commission, but as each American ber of the commission receives \$10,000 as head of a department and \$5,000 as a member of the commission, his total income is \$15,000, while the Filipino members of the commission receive but

The members of the Philippine supreme court receive \$10,000 each (the Filipino members of the court ceiving the same as the Americans), a sum much larger than that usually paid to judges in the United States in courts of similar importance. This high ange of salaries runs through the entire list of civil officials, and there i no chance of lowering it. Except in the case of judges, the Filipino offi-cials, as a rule, receive considerably er in Manila, if possible, than in the provinces. I talked with Filipinos, official and unofficial, and while they differed in the degree of friendliness source of complaint. To Americans it source of complaint. To Americans it which they felt toward the United States, all expected ultimate independ-The college students of Manila and efficient officials from the United in the various law schools, medical colleges and engineering schools, number-

Sample American Foolishness. orate review of the economic, indus-trial and political situation, viewed surrounded with comfort to which he Not only must the salaries of Amerifrom the standpoint of these young average Filipino is not accustomed. No men. It criticised certain acts of the one can remain in the Philippines long American government thought to be without hearing of the Benguet road unjust and set forth arguments in fa-vor of self-government and independ-its construction. There is a mountain ence—arguments so fundamental and resort in Benguet province, in north so consistent with American ideals central Luzon, which the commission that no American statesman would have publicly disputed them ten years ago. The Filipinos point out that the Americans lack that sympathy for, and interest in, the Filipino necessary to just legislation, and this argument however ly made an impression, and the second well meaning, was competent to speak engineer estimated that the cost would be a little greater. Having invested \$75. abandon the plan, and so further ap-The Filipinos also deny that the propriations were made until more than Americans are sufficiently acquainted \$2,500,000 in gold have been drained Americans are sufficiently acquainted with Philippine affairs to legislate wisely. We also recognize the force of this argument at home, and we leave the people of each state to act le

and the filipinos a right to elf-government? Do they desire self-government and independence? Have hey the capacity for self-government and independence to so identify the self-government. The first question mugs be answered in the affirmative, if our theory of the affirmative. That government is correct. That government Costly.

Incomplete the filipinos a right to states in color, race, history and tradictions, race, history and tradictions and partiality toward the foreign population.

Capable of Self-government and a recognition of the freedom of the present gene-benevolence of the Creator. I advo-cate independence for another reason, the educated classes and the peons is fully as great, if not greater, than the pinos capacity toward ditions? How can a body of men, however benevolence of the Creator. I advo-cate independence for another reason, the educated classes and the peons is fully as great, if not greater, than the pinos capacity toward the foreign population.

Capable of Self-government and a recognition of the educated classes and the peons is fully as great, if not greater, than the pinos capacity to additions? How can a body of men, however benevolence of the Creator. I advo-cate independence for another reason, the educated classes and the peons is fully as great, if not greater, than the pinos capacity toward ditions?

Capable of Self-government and a recognition of the freedom of the present gene-the develocate of the Creator. In Mexico the gap between the educated classes and the peons is fully as great, if not greater, than the foreign population.

Capable of Self-government and a recognition of the freedom of the capacity toward ditions?

The third question: Are the Filipinos capable of self-government and a recognition of the freedom of the capacity the educated classes and the peons is fully as great, if not greater, than the decision must be answered in the decision must be answered in th in the affirmative, if our theory of government is correct. That government is correct. That government is correct. That government is correct. That government costly.

American Government Costly.

American Government Costly.

American Government Costly.

The second question of our own government.

The second question for our own government.

The second question I am able to their needs?

The second question I am able to their needs?

The second question I am able to their needs?

The second question I am able to their needs?

The second question I am able to their needs?

The second question I am able to their own which the decision must find then the fellipino sing acquainted to government when deficient to government with the strength of the deciring of self-government with and the proclamation from which I have quote to government with the strength of the deciring of self-government with a scall-government with and the society, and the right to administer their own did tend to impair the strength of the deciring of self-government without into proclamation from which I have quote to government with and the deficient of self-government with a society, and the right to administer their own did tend to impair the strength of the deciring of self-government with the fellipino of society, and the right to administer their own wild tend to impair the strength of the deciring of self-government without interests, nor of the government with the fellipinos and the right to administer their own society, and the right to administer their own with the deciring of self-government without interests. In the government with the proclamation from which I have quote the extremes of Filipinos and the right to administer their own society, and the right to administer their own with the deciring of the dent the right to administer their own society, and the right to administer their own society, and the right to administer their own society and the right to administer their own society. The count of the filipinos and the right

vote, and the taxes he pays must be no people, and plans are made

But under a colonial system the sub-

It is objected that but a small pro-The fact that the Filipinos support the One April day as I watched the birds, schools so enthusiastically, even when urr little brothers of the air, busy those schools are established by out-A good plan is to have a common-place book and whenever you find something that you like write it down cock-fighting being prohibited, cock pits were actually turned into school houses in some sections over which the authority of his government extended.

It is objected by some that the in-telligent Filipinos would under independence use the instrumentalities of government to tyrannize over the masses. This is not a new argument; it is always employed where an excuse for outside interference is desired, but there is no reason to believe that the Filipinos would be less interested in the people of their own race and blood than are aliens whose salaries are such as to make it impossible for them to claim that they serve from purely altruistic motives.

What Washington Proposes.

That those in power in Washington contemplate independence must be admitted, unless those who speak for the So come to the trees with all your train.

When the apple blossoms grow;
Through the April shimmer of sun and day, December last, General Smith, once the complete statement of the complete statement o administration intend gross deception. In his speech on the evening of Rizal of the Philippine commission and head | Candid Statement of Purpose Needed. of the educational department, said: "Popular self-government for the Philippines is the purpose of both peoples. If either seeks to achieve it independent of the other, the experiment is doomed to failure. If both work for it harmoniously, there is no reason why it should not be accomplished. If it accomplished, the history of the Philippines will hold no brighter page than that which recites the struggle of a simple people to fit themselves for in-dependent government. If it is accomplished, the fairest page in American history will be that which records the creation of a new nation and the unselfish development of an alien race.' If this is not a promise of ultimate in-dependence, what possible meaning can the language have? If the administration does not intend that the Filipinos shall some day be independent, its representatives should not hold out this

But there is even higher authority for the good old boytime places?

the hope of independence. When the so-called "Taft party" visited the Philippines last summer, Secretary Taft made a speech in which he assumed to speak for the president. Referring to the president's opinion, he said: "He believes, as I believe, and as do most Americans who have had great famil- reserved.)

rights of the people.

A year before our war with Spain the Filipino people were in insurrecStates to teach the whole Filipino peo-

himself. So with the Japanese who doubts and fears. Both at Manila and does not vote, the laws which he must in the United States ridicule is often obey must be obeyed by those who do cast upon the aspirations of the Filipipaid also by those who enjoy the fran- are inconsistent with ultimate independence. The attempt on the part of the Nature study is supposed to be a we live in. Tennyson, whom you will quite different thing from the study of books. In a way it may be true that the two kinds of study are not very much alike but in another way they have a like book to the flowers of his native. cannot control his own affairs when he reaches years of maturity? in any one of them may hope to become of the educated is increasing every day. the nation's purpose to recognize the independence of the Filipinos when a they have whole pages devoted to descriptions of scenery and that some of the air, busy those schools are established by outnessed as if with their housekeeping, I wrote a bit sider and when the teaching is in a be stated, nor is it important just when the teaching is the page of t month of the year, since, though it has quently in their behalf. Nor is this a dence, as it is that the nation's purpose shall be made known in an authoritative way and that the subsequent acts of our government shall be harmony with that declaration. believe that a stable government can be established within a short time and that independence could be granted with advantage to our government and with safety to the Filipinos within five years at the farthest. But whether independence is to be granted in five or ten or fifteen years or after a long period, there should be no longer delay about announcing a policy. I have tried to impress upon the Filipinos the necessity of leaving this question to the people of the United States and the importance of proving in every possible way, the virtues, the character and the progress of the people; I have pointed out the folly of insurrec tion and the damage done to their cause by resorting to force of arms, but I am equally anxious to impress upon my own countrymen the ance of dealing frankly and fairly with the Filipinos.

We have more at stake in this matter than have the Filipinos. They still have their national greatness to achieve; our position is already established. We have the greatest republic known to history; we are the foremost champion of the doctrine of self-gov-ernment and one of the leading exponents of Christianity. We can afford, aye, our honor requires us, to be candid with the Filipinos and to take them into our confidence. We dare not make them victims of commercial greed or use their islands for purely selfish purposes. It is high time to announce a purpose that shall be righteous and carry out that purpose by means that

shall be honorable In my next article I shall endeavor to elaborate a plan which will, in my judgment, bring independence to the Filipinos, relieve us of the expense of olonialism, secure every legitimate advantage which could be expected from a permanent occupation of islands and, in addition, enable our ration to set the world an example in dealing with tropical races.

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Nature Study Made Pleasant for School Girls

much alike, but in another way they cannot be separated. Nature is around us wherever we turn; above us where we will be about the state of stretches the sky; we breathe the air; nature. When you read the great in any one of them ma we have, whether we live in town or masters of fiction you will find that proficient in them all. in the country, the sights and sounds they have whole pages devoted to deof nature near up all the time. If we have only a little back yard with a small plot of grass and a pot or two our only acquaintance with birds is derived from a canary or a parrot in a cage, we still may study ature, although not with the of interest that will be ours when we make excursions to green

who are studying nature are doing so to some purpose. Every one of us ought to known by sight and touch the trees in the locality nearest our homes. We covered with a blanket shawl. Maybe should know them by their peculiarities of bark and branch and bud and but if you had gone with Miss Jane spond: "Why, then, do you insist upon sending us Americans to do what
on sending us Americans to do what
offifty printed pages. This was prefifty printed pages. This was predistribution by sub-committees, and afterits discussed, adopted and signed

spond: "Why, then, do you insist upon sending us Americans to do what
our people can do and would do for less
ties of bark and branch and but if you had gone with Miss Jane
and had been privileged to carry her
our people can do and would do for less
our people can do and would do for less
ties of bark and branch and but if you had gone with Miss Jane
and had been privileged to carry her
our people can do and would do for less
ties of bark and branch and but if you had gone with Miss Jane
and had been privileged to carry her
Nothing for here
heard of a blanket shawl,
but if you had gone with Miss Jane
holiowing it well, so round and trim,
but if you never heard of a blanket shawl,
but if you had gone with Miss Jane
hot and had been privileged to carry her
Nothing for here
heard of a blanket shawl,
but if you had gone with Miss Jane
hour people can do and trim,
Nothing too far away for him,
Nothing for here
heard of a blanket shawl,
but if you never heard of a blanket shawl,
but if you had gone with Miss Jane
hour people can do and trim,
Nothing too far away for him,
Nothing too far We should likewise know the birds. Nothing is more absorbing than the on the grass near a brookside and as the study of birds. They are fascinating the lesson went on the brook sang and And little creatures. Their habits, manners and customs are not so very op- and the gleam of its waters made muposite our own when we really pene-trate their secrets. In a single rather small neighborhood in New Jersey a bird lover last summer counted no less learned, too, a love of nature that is than fifty-two varieties of birds. Their not gained by those who study her than fifty-two varieties of birds. Their migrations, their nests, their patience in finding food for their young, the other's and father's care in showing the young birds how to fly, all these are interesting parts of nature study. But it is not so much of this that I am thinking as I write to you, as of the way in which we may help one anther in these days. Girls who live in the country ought to have a mission to portunity of studying nature was thus their city cousins, and when spring made very honorable and precious, and and summer bring their pleasant days we held it as something worth strivboxes of wild flowers and garden flowers, too, should be sent weekly to the schoolrooms where the pupils have no easy way of getting specimens for those who have a scientific turn of themselves. Schools in different parts mind. To learn the names of the conof the country should exchange flowers, shells and other interesting properties of the nature study class, and it would not be at all a bad idea if there were a regular system of correspondence between Jean of the little tractive to very young girls. Definivillage and Betty of the big city, all tions and formulas you may learn, but about the work each was doing in her to grasp the principles of astronomy study of nature

Another helpful thing that I recom-

scriptions of scenery and that some of

for future reference.

When I was a girl we studied botany I take it for granted that the girls out under the trees. There was a particularly charming bit of woodland near our school, and our nature study was always carried on out of doors. Our teacher had a seat on a gray rock. you never heard of a blanket shawl,

The girls grouped themselves around on the grass near a brookside and as sparkled and the sound of its lullaby sie and sunshine in our souls. learned a great deal about botany in those enchanted afternoons, and only in dried specimens between white washed walls.

You may be interested to known that we always carried a luncheon on the expeditions, and it was not the least interesting part of the occasion. Girls who fell below a certain percentage in their studies were not permitted to take up botany in their work. The op-

The study of astronomy captivates stellations and to recognize some the planets when they appear above the horizon is not beyond any ordinary you require maturity and insight; for these you must wait. But you need not

mathematics are all somehow akin to one another, and she who is proficient it may be answered that the number

The Building of the Nest.

They'll come again to the apple tree—Robin and all the rest—When the orchard branches are fair to see, In the snow of the blossom drest; And the prettiest thing in the world will The building of the nest.

Ah! mother-bird, you'll have weary days, When the eggs are under your breast, And shadow may darken the dancing When the wee ones leave the nest; But they'll find their wings in a glad

Go flying to and from

And God will see to the rest.

and sing to our hearts as we watch again Your fairy buildings grow. (Copyrighted, 1906, by Joseph B. Bowles.)

THE OLD PLACES.

Away from the greed and spoiling.
To a place I know where the fields stretch And there's naught of strife and toiling? And how would you like to forget the And these haunted city faces. And bury them deep in the dreams we'd

In the good old boytime places?

Say, how would you like to go with me
To the willow's friendly cover,
Down to the river where, long ago,
The pickerel used to hover?
And how would you like to wander again
As we did with sunburned faces,
And bare, brown feet, and ragged clothes,
In the good old boytime places?

we also recognize the force guet road is not yet completed. If it of this argument at home, and we leave the people of each state to act upon their own affairs. The people of a city would resent interference in their local affairs by the people of the local affairs by the local affairs by